Name:	
Box:	

Chemical Equations and Balancing Review

- 1. What is a reactant?
- 2. What is a product?
- 3. What is a subscript in a chemical equation? Give an example and why it is used.
- 4. What is a coefficient in a chemical equation? Give an example and why it is used.
- 5. What is the law of conservation of mass? How does it play a role in the balancing of chemical equations?
- 6. What are the different states of matter and their abbreviations that can be written in parenthesis after the chemical formula in a chemical equation?
- 7. Balance the following equations:

a.
$$_$$
 Al(NO₃)₃ + $_$ NaOH \rightarrow $_$ Al(OH)₃ + $_$ NaNO₃

b.
$$\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}$$
 KNO₃ \rightarrow $\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}$ KNO₂ + $\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}$ O₂

c. __ Fe + __
$$H_2SO_4 \rightarrow$$
 __ $Fe_2(SO_4)_3 + __ $H_2$$

d.
$$_{0_2} + _{CS_2} \rightarrow _{CO_2} + _{SO_2}$$

e. __ Cu + __ Cl₂
$$\rightarrow$$
 __ CuCl

f.
$$\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}$$
 Mg + $\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}$ N₂ \rightarrow $\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}$ Mg₃N₂

g. _ Na + _
$$H_2O \rightarrow$$
 _ NaOH + _ H_2

h. __ Cu + __ S
$$\rightarrow$$
 __ Cu₂S

i.
$$_AgNO_3 + __H_2SO_4 \rightarrow __Ag_2SO_4 + __HNO_3$$

j. ___
$$C_2H_6 +$$
__ $O_2 \rightarrow$ __ $CO_2 +$ __ H_2O

- 8. Describe the five main types of reactions. Write out general examples of each.
- 9. Compare a growth mindset to a fixed mindset. How are they similar? How are they different? Which is more beneficial for academic success? Why?
- 10. List 5 things you should always do while completing a lab in chemistry. List 5 things you should never do in a lab.